AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 22, 2016

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 31, 2016

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 13, 2016

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 15, 2016

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

### ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1978

Introduced by Assembly Member Gonzalez (Coauthors: Assembly Members Campos, Chu, Cristina Garcia, Lopez, McCarty, Rodriguez, Santiago, Thurmond, and Weber) (Coauthor: Senator Beall)

February 16, 2016

An act to amend Section 12940 of the Government Code, and to amend Section 1106 of, and to add Part 4.2 (commencing with Section 1420) to Division 2 of the Labor Code, relating to employment.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1978, as amended, Gonzalez. Employment: property service workers.

Existing law establishes the Department of Industrial Relations in the Labor and Workforce Development Agency to foster, promote, and develop the welfare of the wage earners of California, to improve their working conditions, and to advance their opportunities for profitable employment. Existing law establishes within the department the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, which is vested with the general duty of enforcing labor laws, including those relating to wage claims and employer retaliation. Existing law requires the Labor Commissioner, defined as the Chief of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement,

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to establish and maintain a field enforcement unit in order to ensure that minimum labor standards are met.

The California Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1973 establishes certain safety and other responsibilities of employers and employees, including a requirement that every employer establish, implement, and maintain an effective injury prevention program. The act requires the program to be written, except as specified, and to include certain elements.

This bill would establish specific standards and protections for property service workers, to be known as the Property Service Workers Protection Act, and define terms for its purposes.

The bill would require the Labor Commissioner, no later than July 1, 2018, to develop worker and supervisor materials for a prescribed 4-hour training regarding sexual violence and sexual harassment and to make those materials available to employers, covered workers, and the public through, among other means, posting on its Internet Web site. The bill would require *the* commissioner, beginning July 1, 2019, to update theses these materials annually. The bill would, on and after July 1, 2018, require employers who provide janitorial services to have a system to require that covered workers and supervisors, at least annually, receive prescribed in-person training on workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment. The bill would require the commissioner to establish standards and requirements for trainers and recordkeeping relating to training. The bill would require the Labor Commissioner to develop minimum qualifications for trainers who provide the training.

The bill would require the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board, by January 1, 2018, to adopt standards developed by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, in consultation with a specified advisory group, that require an employer to adopt a workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plan as a part of its injury and illness prevention plan, to protect covered workers from workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment.

The bill would require the registration of employers conducting janitorial business, as prescribed, and establish specific authority for the Labor Commissioner to enforce and implement that requirement. The bill would set application and renewal fees. The bill would prohibit an employer, on or after January July 1, 2018, from conducting any janitorial business without a valid registration. The bill would require an employer to include specific information in the registration

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application, subscribed and sworn to under penalty of perjury, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program by expanding the scope of the crime of perjury. The bill would prohibit the granting of registration under specific circumstances, authorize the director to deny, suspend, or void a registration in certain circumstances. The bill would require the commissioner, on and after July 1, 2018, to maintain on the commissioner's Internet Web site a regularly updated, searchable database of registered employers, and, on and after July 1, 2019, a searchable database regarding the compliance and enforcement activities of the department.

The bill would establish various compliance and enforcement provisions, including a requirement that the director establish a Property Services Compliance Unit to enforce the act. The bill would establish civil fines and provide for labor compliance agreements, stop order authority, audits, and investigations. The bill would impose a state-mandated local program by making it a crime to conduct any janitorial business without a valid registration, or to fail to observe a stop order.

The bill would require the deposit of registration fees and specific civil fines in the State Janitorial Contractor Registration Fund, which the bill would create, and make the moneys in the fund available, upon appropriation, for the reasonable costs of administering the registration of janitorial contractors and the costs and obligations associated with the administration and enforcement of the bill by the commissioner. The bill, to provide adequate cash flow for those purposes, would authorize the Director of Finance, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Labor and Workforce Development Agency, to approve a short-term loan each fiscal year from the Labor and Workforce Development Fund to the State Janitorial Contractor Registration Fund.

The bill would make conforming changes regarding the definition of an employer.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 12940 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- 12940. It is an unlawful employment practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or, except where based upon applicable security regulations established by the United States or the State of California:
- (a) For an employer, because of the race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, or military and veteran status of any person, to refuse to hire or employ the person or to refuse to select the person for a training program leading to employment, or to bar or to discharge the person from employment or from a training program leading to employment, or to discriminate against the person in compensation or in terms, conditions, or privileges of employment.
- (1) This part does not prohibit an employer from refusing to hire or discharging an employee with a physical or mental disability, or subject an employer to any legal liability resulting from the refusal to employ or the discharge of an employee with a physical or mental disability, where the employee, because of his or her physical or mental disability, is unable to perform his or her essential duties even with reasonable accommodations, or cannot perform those duties in a manner that would not endanger his or her health or safety or the health or safety of others even with reasonable accommodations.
- (2) This part does not prohibit an employer from refusing to hire or discharging an employee who, because of the employee's medical condition, is unable to perform his or her essential duties even with reasonable accommodations, or cannot perform those duties in a manner that would not endanger the employee's health or safety or the health or safety of others even with reasonable accommodations. Nothing in this part shall subject an employer to any legal liability resulting from the refusal to employ or the discharge of an employee who, because of the employee's medical condition, is unable to perform his or her essential duties, or cannot perform those duties in a manner that would not endanger the

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employee's health or safety or the health or safety of others even with reasonable accommodations.

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- (3) Nothing in this part relating to discrimination on account of marital status shall do either of the following:
- (A) Affect the right of an employer to reasonably regulate, for reasons of supervision, safety, security, or morale, the working of spouses in the same department, division, or facility, consistent with the rules and regulations adopted by the commission.
- (B) Prohibit bona fide health plans from providing additional or greater benefits to employees with dependents than to those employees without or with fewer dependents.
- (4) Nothing in this part relating to discrimination on account of sex shall affect the right of an employer to use veteran status as a factor in employee selection or to give special consideration to Vietnam-era veterans.
- (5) (A) This part does not prohibit an employer from refusing to employ an individual because of his or her age if the law compels or provides for that refusal. Promotions within the existing staff, hiring or promotion on the basis of experience and training, rehiring on the basis of seniority and prior service with the employer, or hiring under an established recruiting program from high schools, colleges, universities, or trade schools do not, in and of themselves, constitute unlawful employment practices.
- (B) The provisions of this part relating to discrimination on the basis of age do not prohibit an employer from providing health benefits or health care reimbursement plans to retired persons that are altered, reduced, or eliminated when the person becomes eligible for Medicare health benefits. This subparagraph applies to all retiree health benefit plans and contractual provisions or practices concerning retiree health benefits and health care reimbursement plans in effect on or after January 1, 2011.
- (b) For a labor organization, because of the race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, or military and veteran status of any person, to exclude, expel, or restrict from its membership the person, or to provide only second-class or segregated membership or to discriminate against any person because of the race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability,

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medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, or military and veteran status of the person in the election of officers of the labor organization or in the selection of the labor organization's staff or to discriminate in any way against any of its members or against any employer or against any person employed by an employer.

- (c) For any person to discriminate against any person in the selection, termination, training, or other terms or treatment of that person in any apprenticeship training program, any other training program leading to employment, an unpaid internship, or another limited duration program to provide unpaid work experience for that person because of the race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, or military and veteran status of the person discriminated against.
- (d) For any employer or employment agency to print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any publication, or to make any nonjob-related inquiry of an employee or applicant, either verbal or through use of an application form, that expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation, specification, or discrimination as to race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, or military and veteran status, or any intent to make any such limitation, specification, or discrimination. This part does not prohibit an employer or employment agency from inquiring into the age of an applicant, or from specifying age limitations, where the law compels or provides for that action.
- (e) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) or (3), for any employer or employment agency to require any medical or psychological examination of an applicant, to make any medical or psychological inquiry of an applicant, to make any inquiry whether an applicant has a mental disability or physical disability or medical condition, or to make any inquiry regarding the nature or severity of a physical disability, mental disability, or medical condition.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an employer or employment agency may inquire into the ability of an applicant to perform

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job-related functions and may respond to an applicant's request for reasonable accommodation.

- (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an employer or employment agency may require a medical or psychological examination or make a medical or psychological inquiry of a job applicant after an employment offer has been made but prior to the commencement of employment duties, provided that the examination or inquiry is job related and consistent with business necessity and that all entering employees in the same job classification are subject to the same examination or inquiry.
- (f) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), for any employer or employment agency to require any medical or psychological examination of an employee, to make any medical or psychological inquiry of an employee, to make any inquiry whether an employee has a mental disability, physical disability, or medical condition, or to make any inquiry regarding the nature or severity of a physical disability, mental disability, or medical condition.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an employer or employment agency may require any examinations or inquiries that it can show to be job related and consistent with business necessity. An employer or employment agency may conduct voluntary medical examinations, including voluntary medical histories, which are part of an employee health program available to employees at that worksite.
- (g) For any employer, labor organization, or employment agency to harass, discharge, expel, or otherwise discriminate against any person because the person has made a report pursuant to Section 11161.8 of the Penal Code that prohibits retaliation against hospital employees who report suspected patient abuse by health facilities or community care facilities.
- (h) For any employer, labor organization, employment agency, or person to discharge, expel, or otherwise discriminate against any person because the person has opposed any practices forbidden under this part or because the person has filed a complaint, testified, or assisted in any proceeding under this part.
- (i) For any person to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce the doing of any of the acts forbidden under this part, or to attempt to do so.
- (j) (1) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency, apprenticeship training program or any training program leading

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to employment, or any other person, because of race, religious 1 2 creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental 3 disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, 4 sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual 5 orientation, or military and veteran status, to harass an employee, 6 an applicant, an unpaid intern or volunteer, or a person providing 7 services pursuant to a contract. Harassment of an employee, an 8 applicant, an unpaid intern or volunteer, or a person providing services pursuant to a contract by an employee, other than an agent or supervisor, shall be unlawful if the entity, or its agents or 10 11 supervisors, knows or should have known of this conduct and fails 12 to take immediate and appropriate corrective action. An employer 13 may also be responsible for the acts of nonemployees, with respect 14 to sexual harassment of employees, applicants, unpaid interns or 15 volunteers, or persons providing services pursuant to a contract in the workplace, where the employer, or its agents or supervisors, 16 17 knows or should have known of the conduct and fails to take 18 immediate and appropriate corrective action. In reviewing cases 19 involving the acts of nonemployees, the extent of the employer's control and any other legal responsibility that the employer may 20 21 have with respect to the conduct of those nonemployees shall be 22 considered. An entity shall take all reasonable steps to prevent 23 harassment from occurring. Loss of tangible job benefits shall not 24 be necessary in order to establish harassment. 25

- (2) The provisions of this subdivision are declaratory of existing law, except for the new duties imposed on employers with regard to harassment.
- (3) An employee of an entity subject to this subdivision is personally liable for any harassment prohibited by this section that is perpetrated by the employee, regardless of whether the employer or covered entity knows or should have known of the conduct and fails to take immediate and appropriate corrective action.
- (4) (A) For purposes of this subdivision only, "employer" means any person regularly employing one or more persons or regularly receiving the services of one or more persons providing services pursuant to a contract, or any person acting as an agent of an employer, directly or indirectly, the state, or any political or civil subdivision of the state, and cities. The definition of "employer" in subdivision (d) of Section 12926 applies to all provisions of this section other than this subdivision.

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(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), for purposes of this subdivision, "employer" does not include a religious association or corporation not organized for private profit, except as provided in Section 12926.2.

- (C) For purposes of this subdivision, "harassment" because of sex includes sexual harassment, gender harassment, and harassment based on pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions. Sexually harassing conduct need not be motivated by sexual desire.
  - (D) For purposes of this subdivision, on and after July 1, 2018:
- (i) Any person or entity that contracts with a janitorial employer as defined by subdivision (d) of Section 1421 of the Labor Code who lacks a current and valid registration under Part 4.2 (commencing with Section 1420) of Division 2 of the Labor Code on the date the person or entity enters into or renews a contract or subcontract for janitorial services with the janitorial employer, is an "employer" as defined by paragraph (4).
- (ii) Any person or entity that contracts with a janitorial employer, as defined by subdivision (d) of Section 1421 of the Labor Code, who has a current and valid registration under Part 4.2 (commencing with Section 1420) of Division 2 of the Labor Code on the date the person or entity enters into or renews a contract or subcontract for janitorial services with the janitorial employer, is presumed not to be an "employer" as defined by paragraph (4) of the persons providing services pursuant to the contract or subcontract for janitorial services.
- (5) For purposes of this subdivision, "a person providing services pursuant to a contract" means a person who meets all of the following criteria:
- (A) The person has the right to control the performance of the contract for services and discretion as to the manner of performance.
- (B) The person is customarily engaged in an independently established business.
- (C) The person has control over the time and place the work is performed, supplies the tools and instruments used in the work, and performs work that requires a particular skill not ordinarily used in the course of the employer's work.
- (k) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency, apprenticeship training program, or any training program leading

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to employment, to fail to take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent discrimination and harassment from occurring.

- (1) (1) For an employer or other entity covered by this part to refuse to hire or employ a person or to refuse to select a person for a training program leading to employment or to bar or to discharge a person from employment or from a training program leading to employment, or to discriminate against a person in compensation or in terms, conditions, or privileges of employment because of a conflict between the person's religious belief or observance and any employment requirement, unless the employer or other entity covered by this part demonstrates that it has explored any available reasonable alternative means of accommodating the religious belief or observance, including the possibilities of excusing the person from those duties that conflict with his or her religious belief or observance or permitting those duties to be performed at another time or by another person, but is unable to reasonably accommodate the religious belief or observance without undue hardship, as defined in subdivision (u) of Section 12926, on the conduct of the business of the employer or other entity covered by this part. Religious belief or observance, as used in this section, includes, but is not limited to, observance of a Sabbath or other religious holy day or days, reasonable time necessary for travel prior and subsequent to a religious observance, and religious dress practice and religious grooming practice as described in subdivision (q) of Section 12926. This subdivision shall also apply to an apprenticeship training program, an unpaid internship, and any other program to provide unpaid experience for a person in the workplace or industry.
- (2) An accommodation of an individual's religious dress practice or religious grooming practice is not reasonable if the accommodation requires segregation of the individual from other employees or the public.
- (3) An accommodation is not required under this subdivision if it would result in a violation of this part or any other law prohibiting discrimination or protecting civil rights, including subdivision (b) of Section 51 of the Civil Code and Section 11135 of this code.
- (4) For an employer or other entity covered by this part to, in addition to the employee protections provided pursuant to subdivision (h), retaliate or otherwise discriminate against a person

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for requesting accommodation under this subdivision, regardless of whether the request was granted.

Section 1421.

- (m) (1) For an employer or other entity covered by this part to fail to make reasonable accommodation for the known physical or mental disability of an applicant or employee. Nothing in this subdivision or in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) shall be construed to require an accommodation that is demonstrated by the employer or other covered entity to produce undue hardship, as defined in subdivision (u) of Section 12926, to its operation.
- (2) For an employer or other entity covered by this part to, in addition to the employee protections provided pursuant to subdivision (h), retaliate or otherwise discriminate against a person for requesting accommodation under this subdivision, regardless of whether the request was granted.
- (n) For an employer or other entity covered by this part to fail to engage in a timely, good faith, interactive process with the employee or applicant to determine effective reasonable accommodations, if any, in response to a request for reasonable accommodation by an employee or applicant with a known physical or mental disability or known medical condition.
- (o) For an employer or other entity covered by this part, to subject, directly or indirectly, any employee, applicant, or other person to a test for the presence of a genetic characteristic.
- (p) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as preventing the ability of employers to identify members of the military or veterans for purposes of awarding a veteran's preference as permitted by law.
- SEC. 2. Section 1106 of the Labor Code is amended to read: 1106. For purposes of Sections 1102.5, 1102.6, 1102.7, 1102.8, 1104, and 1105, "employee" includes, but is not limited to, any individual employed by the state or any subdivision thereof, any county, city, city and county, including any charter city or county, and any school district, community college district, municipal or public corporation, political subdivision, or the University of California, or any covered worker as defined in subdivision (a) of
- SEC. 3. Part 4.2 (commencing with Section 1420) is added to Division 2 of the Labor Code, to read:

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# PART 4.2. PROPERTY SERVICE WORKERS PROTECTION ACT

CHAPTER 1. GENERAL

- 1420. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that in the janitorial industry in this state:
- (1) Workers are widely victimized by wage theft, workplace sexual violence and harassment, failure to provide workers' compensation insurance, and other illegal practices perpetrated by unscrupulous contractors that fail to comply with existing labor standards laws.
- (2) Workers in janitorial occupations often work alone at night, making them vulnerable to sexual violence and harassment while on the job, a condition that is exacerbated by low pay, low job mobility, and inadequate training. Adopting standards to protect workers from sexual violence and sexual harassment must be an obligation of all involved in the janitorial industry.
- (3) Contractors, including subcontractors and franchisors, are often undercapitalized, change names, and abuse their corporate identity; making it difficult for victimized workers to secure meaningful legal relief.
- (4) While some contractors comply with labor standards laws and invest in training and retaining a more skilled workforce, these contractors are undercut by unscrupulous competitors in a continual race to the bottom.
- (5) It is in the public interest that contractors compete primarily on the basis of quality, efficiency, and innovation, and not through a race to the bottom that perpetuates substandard working conditions and lack of compliance with labor standards laws.
- (6) Despite the state's many efforts over the years to bring underground economy practices in the janitorial industry under control, these practices persist.
- (7) Absent additional regulation of labor standards by the state to prevent the undercutting of law-abiding contractors, the current situation is unlikely to change.
  - (b) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this part to:
- (1) Direct janitorial contractors to post a notice regarding workplace sexual violence and harassment and to establish a system to require all janitorial workers and supervisors to at least annually

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receive comprehensive in-person training regarding workplace sexual violence and harassment tailored to the janitorial industry. It is also the intent of the Legislature, in enacting this part, to direct the Labor Commissioner, in consultation with labor organizations that represent janitors and with nonprofits that advocate for policies and standards to prevent workplace sexual violence and harassment in the janitorial industry, to develop the notice and the worker and supervisor education materials for these trainings in the languages and literacy levels that are appropriate for the janitorial workforce, and to establish standards for the trainers who are to deliver these trainings. 

- (2) Direct the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board to require janitorial industry contractors to include the training, indicated in paragraph (1) above, as part of their injury and illness prevention plans.
- (3) Establish a system of janitorial contractor registration to encourage labor standards compliance and to establish prompt and effective sanctions for violating this act.
- 1421. This part shall be known, and may be cited, as the Property Service Workers Protection Act.
  - 1422. For purposes of this part:

- (a) (1) "Covered worker" means a janitor, including any individual predominantly working, whether as an employee, independent contractor, or a franchisee, as a janitor, as that term is defined in the federal Service Contract Act Directory of Occupations.
- (2) "Covered workers" does not include any individual whose work duties are predominantly final cleanup of debris, grounds, and buildings near the completion of a construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work project, including, but not limited to, street cleaners.
- (b) "Current and valid registration" means an active registration pursuant to Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 1430) that is not void or suspended.
- (c) "Director" means the Director of the Department of Industrial Relations.
- (c) "Delinquent liability" means any unsatisfied final judgment, order, assessment, or determination by a court or by any federal, state, or local administrative agency, including a confirmed arbitration award, or accord, for unpaid compensation or backpay,

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1 for having committed sexual harassment of a covered worker or 2 for having violated any provision of this part, and for related 3 damages, interest, fines, and penalties. An employer shall not have 4 any delinquent liability for a final judgment, order, assessment, 5 determination, including a confirmed arbitration award, or accord 6 that is under appeal if the employer has secured the payment of 7 any amount eventually found due through a bond or other 8 appropriate means.

- (d) "Department" means the Department of Industrial Relations.
- (e) "Director" means the Director of Industrial Relations.

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- (f) (1) "Employer" means any person or entity that employs at least one employee and one or more covered workers and that enters into contracts, subcontracts, or franchise arrangements to provide janitorial services. The term "employer" includes the term "covered successor employer."
- (2) "Covered successor employer" means an employer who meets one or more of the following criteria:
- (A) Uses substantially the same facilities, equipment, supervisors, and workforce to offer substantially the same services to substantially the same clients as a predecessor employer. An employer who has operated with a current and valid registration for at least the preceding three years shall not be considered a covered successor employer for using substantially the same facilities, equipment, supervisors, and workforce to substantially the same clients, if all of the following apply:
- (i) The individuals in the workforce were not referred or supplied for employment by the predecessor employer to the successor employer.
- (ii) The successor employer has not had any interest in, or connection with, the operation, ownership, management, or control of the business of the predecessor employer within the preceding three years.
- (B) Shares in the ownership, management, control of the workforce, or interrelations of business operations with the predecessor employer.
- (C) Is an immediate family member of any owner, partner, officer, licensee, or director of the predecessor employer or of any person who had a financial interest in the predecessor employer. "Immediate family member" means a spouse, parent, sibling, son,

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daughter, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, grandparent, grandson, granddaughter, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, or cousin.

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(g) "Labor Commissioner" means the Labor Commissioner of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of the Department.

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(h) "State Janitorial Contractor Registration Fund" or "fund" means the State Janitorial Contractor Registration Fund established in Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 1445).

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(i) "Standards board" means the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board.

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(*j*) "Supervisor" has the same meaning as in subdivision (t) of Section 12926 of the Government Code.

## Chapter 2. Protections Against Workplace Sexual Violence and Harassment

- 1425. (a) The Labor Commissioner, no later than January 1, 2018, shall do all of the following in consultation and partnership with an advisory group that meets the requirements of Section 1427:
- (1) Develop worker and supervisor agendas, handouts, trainer guides, and other materials for a four-hour training regarding sexual violence and sexual harassment that are appropriate for the janitorial industry and the languages and literacy levels of covered workers.
- (A) Training materials shall include information related to: definitions of workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment; employers' legal obligations to prevent workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment; potential legal and disciplinary consequences for employers and perpetrators of workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment; community, mental health, and legal resources locally available for those who have experienced workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment; legal protections available to immigrant workers subjected to workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment, including, but not limited to, the federal U nonimmigrant status known as U visa; prevention,

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protection, and reporting strategies for workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment; information on filing administrative complaints with the appropriate state and federal agencies; antiretaliation and other legal protections for those who have experienced workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment; information regarding the Injury and Illness Protection Program of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, and on the employer's workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plan, as described in Section 1426, and other topics as the Labor Commissioner deems necessary for janitorial workers and supervisors. 

- (B) The Labor Commissioner shall provide these materials in all languages that are the language spoken at home of at least 2,000 janitors (ACS Occupation Code 4220) who reside in this state, as determined by the most recent American Community Survey of the United States Census Bureau.
- (C) Beginning July 1, 2019, the Labor Commissioner shall update these materials on or before July 1 of each year and make them available to employers, covered workers, and the public through, among other means, posting on its Internet Web site.
- (2) Establish minimum qualification standards for trainers who may deliver training, including including, but not limited to, a minimum of—five three years of experience conducting adult education with the demographics of the janitorial workforce. The collective bargaining agent that represents the employer's covered workers or the designee of the collective bargaining agent may deliver trainings. non-English speakers with a reading ability at or below the fifth grade level in the language spoken at home. If the minimum qualification standards are met, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to preclude the collective bargaining agent that represents the employer's covered workers or the designee of the collective bargaining agent from delivering the trainings.
- (3) Develop the size, form, and content of a notice to be posted by employers consistent with the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), below, that shall inform covered workers of their rights under the anti-sexual harassment laws, contain examples of illegal employer conduct, and provide the telephone numbers for nonprofit, nongovernmental organizations able to provide help, referral services, training, and general information

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to those who have experienced workplace sexual violence and harassment or labor trafficking. The Labor Commissioner shall develop an approved notice that has been translated into the languages specified in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) and shall make the notice available on its Internet Web site.

(b) On and after July 1, 2018, all employers shall:

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- (1) Have a system to require all covered workers and supervisors to, at least annually, receive comprehensive, accurate and appropriate in-person training lasting at least four hours regarding workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment that provides an opportunity for interactive questions and answers. These mandatory trainings shall use the worker and supervisor materials in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) and shall be delivered in English and in all primary languages spoken at home by at least 25 percent of the employer's covered workers in the State of California. Employers shall provide these in-person trainings at no cost to all covered workers and to all supervisors of covered workers on at least an annual basis and within 60 days of hire. Employers shall pay employees and supervisors at their regular hourly rate of pay for participating in these trainings or, if the training causes an employee or supervisor to work overtime hours, at his or her overtime rate of pay.
- (2) Maintain accurate records for a minimum of three years documenting the delivery of training by qualified trainers which includes: certificates of completion for participants, sign-in sheets with the participants' and qualified trainer's signatures; a listing of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the participants and of the qualified trainers, and a copy of the materials provided and used in the training.
- (3) Post and display prominently a notice that complies with the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) in all languages that have been made available by the Labor Commissioner. The notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place where the notice may be read by covered workers during work hours, and in all places where notices to covered workers are posted both physically and electronically.
- (c) The Labor Commissioner shall have broad authority to enforce and implement the provisions of this chapter and may

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establish through regulation any procedures necessary to carry out
such provisions.

- 1426. (a) The standards board, by no later than January 1, 2018, shall adopt standards developed by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, in consultation and partnership with an advisory group that meets the requirements of Section 1427, that require an employer to adopt a workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plan, as a part of its injury and illness prevention plan, to protect covered workers from workplace sexual violence and harassment.
- (b) The standards adopted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall include all of the following:
- (1) A requirement that the workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plan shall be in effect at all times and in written form for all employers.
- (2) A requirement that the workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plan include specific means for janitors who work during the nighttime or early morning hours to work in pairs, or to have an equivalent form of protection.
- (3) A requirement that the workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plan include specific protections for covered workers against workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment from clients, coworkers, supervisors, building tenants, visitors, and intruders.
- (4) A system to, at least annually, assess and improve upon factors that may contribute to, or help prevent workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment.
- (5) A requirement that all workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plans, and the annual assessment of those plans, be developed in consultation and partnership with covered workers, including their recognized collective bargaining agents, if any.
- (6) A requirement that all workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plans include training, notice, and recordkeeping requirements consistent with the requirements of Section 1425.
- (7) A requirement that employers maintain records of complaints and incidents of workplace sexual violence and sexual harassment for a minimum period of three years, including the date, number of employees involved, nature of the claim or incident, worksite

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location, investigation steps, and results of the employer's investigation.

(8) A requirement that employers screen supervisors for convictions of any of the acts listed in subdivision (c) of Section 290 of the Penal Code, for being listed on the registered sex offender database under the Sex Offender Registration Act (Chapter 5.5 (commencing with Section 290) of Title 9 of Part 1 of the Penal Code), and for any civil judgments for having committed sexual harassment.

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- (8) A requirement that employers notify covered—workers, workers who have complained of an incident of workplace sexual violence or—harassment, harassment of how to report such an incident to an appropriate government agency or to law enforcement as well as of any resources available to covered workers for coping with such an incident, including, but not limited to, employee assistance programs.
- (c) This section does not limit the authority of the standards board to adopt standards to protect employees from workplace violence or harassment. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to preclude the standards board from adopting standards that require other employers to adopt plans to protect employees from workplace violence or harassment. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to preclude the standards board from adopting standards that require an employer subject to this section, or any other employer, to adopt a workplace violence or harassment prevention plan that includes elements or requirements additional to, or broader in scope than, those described in this section.
- 1427. The Labor Commissioner and the Division of Occupational Safety and Health shall each appoint an advisory group of stakeholders to assist them in carrying out their respective responsibilities under this chapter. The advisory group shall include representatives from at least one nonprofit organization that advocates for policies and standards to prevent workplace sexual violence and harassment in the janitorial industry, and from a labor organization that represents covered workers. The term "nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3)) or pursuant to Section 501(c)(5) of the

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Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(5)), or a nonprofit corporation.

#### CHAPTER 3. REGISTRATION OF JANITORIAL CONTRACTORS

- 1430. (a) The Labor Commissioner shall have broad authority to interpret, enforce, and implement this part. This authority includes, but is not limited to:
- (1) Maintaining the janitorial contractor registry, list, and Internet Web site.
- (2) Conducting random and nonrandom audits or investigations of complaints, or both audits and investigations.
- (3) Issuing, renewing, denying renewal of,—suspending suspending, and voiding an employer's registration and certificate of registration.
  - (4) Issuing civil fines and stop orders.
- (5) Other powers as determined by the Labor Commissioner that are necessary to interpret, implement, and enforce *this chapter* and Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1440).
- (b) The Labor Commissioner may establish through the adoption of regulations any procedures it determines to be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter and of Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1440).
- 1431. (a) On and after January 1, 2018, the Labor Commissioner shall maintain an-on-line online registration system of employers integrated with the Labor Commissioner's system for managing investigations.
- (b) On and after July 1, 2018, no employer may conduct any janitorial business without a current and valid registration under this chapter and all employers shall be registered with the Labor Commissioner pursuant to this chapter.
- (c) On and after January 1, 2018, to qualify for a certificate of registration or for a renewal of a certificate of registration under this chapter, an employer shall, in a manner prescribed by the Labor Commissioner, do all of the following:
- (1) Register online with the Labor Commissioner and pay an initial nonrefundable application fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) five hundred dollars (\$500) and an annual renewal fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) five hundred dollars (\$500) on or before July 1 of each year thereafter. The director may adjust

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the initial registration and renewal fees no more than annually to support the costs specified in Section 1450.

- (2) Execute a written application, subscribed and sworn to by the employer under penalty of perjury under the laws of this state that contains all of the following:
- (A) The name of the employer and, if applicable, its fictitious business name.
- (B) The form of the employer and, if a corporation, all of the following:
  - (i) The date of incorporation.

- (ii) The state in which incorporated.
- (C) If a foreign corporation, the date the articles of incorporation were filed with the California Secretary of State.
- (D) Whether the corporation is in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- (E) The federal employer identification number (FEIN) and the state employer identification number (SEIN) of the employer.
- (F) The employer's business address, telephone number, fax number, and email address.
- (G) The names, residential addresses, business addresses, telephone numbers, email addresses and Social Security social security numbers, federal employer identification number (FEIN) (FEIN), or the state employer identification number (SEIN) of the following persons:
  - (i) All corporate officers, if the employer is a corporation.
- (ii) All persons exercising management responsibility in the employer's office, regardless of the form of the business entity.
  - (iii) The franchisor, if the employer is a franchise.
- (iv) All shareholders holding at least 10 percent of the outstanding voting shares of the employer, if the employer has shareholders, and the actual percent owned by each of those shareholders. shareholders, except that in the case of a publicly traded corporation, a listing of principal officers shall suffice.
- (v) All persons who have a financial interest of 10 percent or more in the employer's business, regardless of the form of business entity, and the actual percentage owned by each of those persons. persons, except that in the case of a publicly traded corporation, a listing of principal officers shall suffice.
- 39 (H) The total number of covered workers who are employees 40 of the employer.

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(I) The total number of covered workers who are independent contractors of the employer.

- (J) The total number of covered workers who are franchisees of the employer.
- (K) The employer's total annual payroll-related expenses over the last 12 months.
- (L) Whether the employer uses a professional employer organization or leasing employer.
- (M) Whether the employer has instituted an alternative work week pursuant to Section 511.

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 (M) Name, address, and telephone number of any recognized collective bargaining agent representing any of the employer's covered workers, and whether that collective bargaining agent represents all of the employer's covered workers in California.

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(N) Whether the application is for a new or renewal registration and, if the application is for a renewal, the prior registration number.

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(O) Whether the employer is also a covered successor employer, and, if so, the information in subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, (E), and (F) for the predecessor employer.

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- (*P*) Certification that the information submitted to the Labor Commissioner under this paragraph and paragraph (3) is complete.
- (Q) A written pledge under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the employer shall:
- (i) Comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations during the upcoming year, including, but not limited to, laws regarding health and safety, labor and employment, wage and hour, and licensing and registration laws that affect covered workers, including, but not limited to, Sections 96.8, 98, 98.6, and 98.7, Section, 238 to 238.5, inclusive, Sections 244, 558.1, 1019, and 1024.6, Section 1060 to Section 1065, inclusive, and Sections 1102.5 and 2810 of this code, Section 690.020 to Section 690.050, inclusive, of the Code of Civil Procedure, and Section 494.6 of the Business and Profession Code; and timely notify the Labor Commissioner as required by subdivision (d).

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(ii) Timely notify the Labor Commissioner as required by subdivision (d).

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(R) Such other information as the Labor Commissioner requires for the administration and enforcement of this-chapter. chapter and Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1440).

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- (S) A post office box and mail drop are not acceptable responses to subparagraphs (F), (G), and (I) above.
- (3) Execute a written—report statement that provides evidence or disclosures disclosure under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, as are necessary California to establish all of the following:
- (A) The employer has workers' compensation coverage that complies with Division 4 (commencing with Section 3200) and includes sufficient coverage for every covered worker. Coverage may be evidenced by a current and valid certificate of workers' compensation insurance or certification of self-insurance required under Section 7125 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (B) The employer does not have any delinquent liability to a covered worker or the state for any assessment of unpaid compensation or backpay, for having committed sexual harassment of a covered worker, or for having violated any provision of this part, or, in all cases, for related damages, interest, fines, or penalties pursuant to any final judgment, order, or determination by a court or any federal, state, or local administrative agency, including a confirmed arbitration award or a settlement agreement. If the employer is a covered successor employer, then the employer shall establish that both the covered successor employer and the predecessor employer do not have such delinquent liability. However, for purposes of this subparagraph, the employer shall not be disqualified for any judgment, order, or determination that is under appeal or for any settlement agreement that is being adjudicated, the employer has secured the payment of any amount eventually found due through a bond or other appropriate means. has satisfied the requirement of either of the following:
- (i) If the employer does not have any delinquent liability to a covered worker or the state, then the employer shall execute a written statement in accordance with this paragraph that the employer is not liable. If the employer is a covered successor

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 employer, then the employer shall verify that both the covered successor employer and the predecessor employer do not have delinquent liability.

- (ii) If the employer does have delinquent liability, as described in clause (i), that the employer has on file with the Labor Commissioner a bond sufficient to guarantee payment for any delinquent liability applicable under clause (i) or, in lieu thereof, a notarized copy of an accord with the covered worker or the state to whom the employer owes the delinquent liability. If the accord provides for the delinquent liability to be paid for in installments, then the employer must provide evidence or disclosures under penalty of perjury under the laws of this state that it is current on any installment payments under the accord.
- (C) Any administrative merits determinations, arbitral awards or decisions, civil judgments, or criminal judgments rendered against the employer within the preceding five-year period for assessments for unpaid compensation or backpay, for having committed sexual harassment of a covered worker, or for having violated any provision of this part, or, in all cases, for related damages, interests, fines, and penalties. A covered successor employer shall provide this information both for itself and for its predecessor employer. At minimum, the employer shall provide:
  - (i) The law violated.
- (ii) The case number, inspection number, charge number, docket number, or other unique identification number.
  - (iii) The date rendered.
- (iv) The name of the court, arbitrator, agency, board, or commission rendering the determination or decision.
- (v) A copy of the administrative merits determination, arbitral award or decision, or civil or criminal judgment document.
- (D) On and after July 1, 2018, the employer has a sexual violence and sexual harassment prevention plan that meets the requirements of subdivision (b) of Section 1426.
- (E) Within the last 12 months, the employer has screened all supervisors for convictions of any of the acts listed in subdivision (c) of Section 29 of the Penal Code, for being listed on the registered sex offender database under the Sex Offender Registration Act (Chapter 5.5 (commencing with Section 290) of Title 9 of Part 1 of the Penal Code), and for any civil judgments for having committed sexual harassment.

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(E) On and after July 1, 2018, the employer is in compliance with all the requirements of Section 1425.

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- (*F*) Other information as the Labor Commissioner requires for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and of Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1440).
- (d) After an employer is registered or has renewed its registration, the employer shall notify the Labor Commissioner in writing within 90 days of:
- (1) Any delinquent liability the employer owes to a covered worker or the state for any assessment of unpaid compensation or backpay, for having committed sexual harassment of a covered worker, or for having violated any provision of this part, or in all eases, for related damages, interest, fines, or penalties pursuant to any final judgment, order, determination by a court or any federal, state, or local administrative agency, including a confirmed arbitration award, or settlement agreement. state.
- (2) Any updated responses to the registration or renewal application or report statement if any change occurs that would change any response in the completed application or report statement the employer submitted under paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (c).
- (e) At least 30 days prior to the expiration of each employer's registration, the Labor Commissioner shall mail or email a renewal notice to the last known mailing or email address of the employer. However, the omission of the Labor Commissioner to provide the renewal notice in accordance with this subdivision shall not excuse an employer from making timely application for renewal of registration, shall not be a defense in any action or proceeding involving failure to renew registration, and shall not subject the Labor Commissioner to any legal liability.
- (f) Fees received pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the State Janitorial Contractor Registration Fund established in Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 1450) and shall be used only for the purposes specified in that chapter.
  - 1432. On and after July 1, 2018, the employer shall:
- 38 (a) Maintain records of the sign-in sheets and materials consistent with paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 1425.

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1 These records shall be available for inspection by the Labor 2 Commissioner.

- (b) Post and display prominently in a conspicuous place where it may be read by covered workers during work hours, and in all places where notices to covered workers are posted both physically and electronically:
- (1) By July 1, 2018, the notice in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 1425.
- (2) By July 1, 2018, a copy of the employer's current certificate of registration.
- 1433. (a) The Labor Commissioner shall not grant registration or renewal of registration to any employer who:
- (1) Lacks workers' compensation coverage that meets the requirements of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 1431.
- (2) Has any delinquent liability to a worker or to the state as described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 1431. state.
- (3) Has not submitted the complete fees, application, information, disclosures under penalty of perjury, and evidence as required by subdivisions (b) to (d), inclusive, of Section 1431.
- (4) Who has willfully made false statements in its application or report statement to qualify for a certificate of registration or for a renewal of a certificate of registration under Section 1431.
- (b) The Labor Commissioner shall suspend a registration if it is found that:
- (1) An employer willfully made false statements in its application or its—report statement submitted for a certificate of registration or for a renewal of a certificate of registration under Section 1431.
- (2) The employer failed to notify the Labor Commissioner in writing within 90 days of any delinquent liability as required by paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 1431. If the employer failed to notify the Labor Commissioner within 90 days, the employer's registration shall be automatically suspended on the date that the Labor Commissioner is informed, or is made aware of the delinquent liability. The suspension shall not be removed until proof of satisfaction of the delinquent liability, or in lieu thereof, a notarized copy of an accord is submitted to the Labor Commissioner. If the employer notifies the Labor Commissioner

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in writing within 90 days of the imposition of any delinquent liability, the employer shall, as a condition to the continual maintenance of the registration, have on file with the Labor Commissioner a bond sufficient to guarantee payment for any delinquent liability applicable under this paragraph.

- (A) By operation of law, failure to maintain the bond or failure to abide by the accord shall result in the automatic suspension of any registration to which this paragraph applies. If the accord provides for the delinquent liability to be paid in instalments, and an installment payment is not made, then this shall be deemed to be failure to abide by the accord.
- (B) A registration that is suspended for failure to comply with the provisions of this subdivision can only be reinstated when proof of satisfaction of all debts is made, or when a notarized copy of an accord has been filed as set forth in this subdivision.
- (C) The Labor Commissioner shall take the actions required by this paragraph upon notification by any party having knowledge of the outstanding judgment upon a showing of proof of the judgment.
- (3) Lacks workers' compensation coverage that meets the requirements of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 1431.
  - (c) The Labor Commissioner may suspend a registration if:
- (1) The employer has violated or failed to comply with the requirements of subdivision (b) of Section 1425, Section 1426, or the employer and its predecessor employer, if any, have a record of more than one violation of Section 1432.
- (2) The employer has made any misrepresentations or false statements in his or her registration or registration renewal application, or in response to the Labor Commissioner's request for information.
- (3) The employer has failed to respond to the Labor Commissioner's request for information within 30 days of such a request.
- (4) The employer has failed to notify or provide the Labor Commissioner with updated responses within 90 days as required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 1431.
- (d) Before suspending any registration, the Labor Commissioner shall hold proceedings in accordance with Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 11400) or Chapter 5 (commencing with

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1 Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government 2 Code as applicable, and the commissioner shall have all of the 3 powers granted therein. When determining whether to suspend or 4 reissue a registration, and when determining the duration of a 5 suspension, the Labor Commissioner shall take into consideration 6 evidence and other information submitted by the employer, covered workers, the employer's collective bargaining representative, if 8 any, and a labor-management cooperation committee established pursuant to the federal Labor Management Cooperation Act of 1978 (Section 175a of Title 29 of the United States Code) whose 10 members include a collective bargaining agent that represents 11 12 covered workers. The determination by the Labor Commissioner 13 shall be reviewable only for abuse of discretion. 14

- (e) The Labor Commissioner may reissue a registration-after suspension only under the following circumstances: upon application in the manner described by the Labor Commissioner.
- (1) To an individual upon application in a manner prescribed by the Labor Commissioner.
- (2) To a partnership upon application in a manner prescribed by the Labor Commissioner if there is no change in the partners or in the partnership structure.
- (3) To a corporation upon application in a manner prescribed by the Labor Commissioner if there is no change in the status of the corporation as registered with the Secretary of State.
- (4) To a limited liability company upon application in a manner prescribed by the Labor Commissioner if there is no change in the status of the company as registered with the Secretary of State.
  - 1434. (a) An employer's registration is void when:
  - (1) The employer ceases conducting any janitorial business.
  - (2) The employer changes its form of legal entity.
  - (3) The employer transfers its registration.
- (4) The employer's registration has expired and no renewal has been issued.
- (5) The employer fails to return the renewal application, fees, or report statement under subdivision (c) or Section 1431 that was rejected by the Labor Commissioner for insufficiency or incompleteness within 90 days from the date of original notice or rejection.
- (b) The void date on an application may be extended up to 90 40 days upon documented evidence by the employer that the failure

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to complete the application process was due to a medical emergency or other circumstance beyond the control of the employer.

- (c) A registration voided pursuant to this section shall remain in the possession of the Labor Commissioner for the period as he or she deems necessary and shall not be returned to the employer. Any reapplication for a registration shall be accompanied by the fee fixed by this chapter.
- 1435. (a) On and after July 1, 2018, on its Internet Web site, the Labor Commissioner shall maintain a regularly updated, searchable online database of all registered employers. The database will have the capability to search all data, at minimum, for the past 10 years. The database shall include all the following information:
- (1) The name, address, telephone number, and registration number of the employer.
- (2) If the employer is a successor employer, the registration number of any predecessor employers.
- (3) The business addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses of the persons that the employer submitted under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section 1431, and, if the employer's application listed anyone in clauses (iv) and (v), the percent financial interest owned by that person or shareholder.
- (4) The current status and effective dates of the employer's registration.
- (5) The identity of the employer's recognized collective bargaining agent, if any, and whether that collective bargaining agent represents all of the employer's covered workers in California.
- (6) A listing of any past denials, suspensions, or voidances of the employer's registration, including the effective dates of those past denials, suspensions, or voidances as well as the basis for them
- (7) A listing of any civil fines or stop orders issued against the employer under this part, including the dates of those fines or stop orders, and the basis for them.
- (8) Other information as deemed necessary by the Labor Commissioner.

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(b) On and after July 1, 2019, on the department's Internet Web site, the Labor Commissioner shall maintain a searchable online database regarding its compliance and enforcement activities. The Labor Commissioner shall update this information on or before July 1 of every year. The database shall have the capability to search all data, at minimum, for the past 10 years and shall include all the following information:

- (1) The total number of employers with current and valid registration that meets the requirements under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 1430).
- (2) The total number of employers whose registration or renewal of registration was denied, suspended, or voided, within the last 12 months, categorized by the basis of that denial, suspension, or voidance, and, if applicable, the duration of the suspension.
- (3) The total monetary amount of fines, the total number of fines, and the total number of employers that the Labor Commissioner has cited under Section 1441 within the last 12 months, categorized by the basis of those fines.
- (4) The total number of employers who have been issued stop orders under this part over the last 12 months, categorized by the basis of those stop orders.
- (5) The total number of audits initiated and completed by the Labor Commissioner under this part, within the last 12 months.
- (6) The total number of complaints investigated by the Labor Commissioner under Section 1444, within the last 12 months.
- (7) Other information as deemed necessary by the Labor Commissioner.

#### CHAPTER 4. ENFORCEMENT

1440. The Labor Commissioner shall establish a Property Services Compliance Unit to enforce this part, including, but not limited to maintaining and enforcing the janitorial contractor registry, list, and Internet Web site, conducting audits, and investigating complaints.

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1441. (a) On and after July 1, 2018, an employer who fails to register or to renew its registration or that has a void or suspended registration under this part is subject to a civil fine of two hundred dollars (\$200) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, that the employer conducts any janitorial business without registering or

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renewing its registration or with a void or suspended registration. lacks a current and valid registration under this part is subject to a civil fine of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) if the employer conducts any janitorial business without a current and valid registration under this part.

- (b) An employer who violates any of the other requirements of this chapter or of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 1430) is subject to a civil fine of not more than two hundred dollars (\$200) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, that the employer is in violation of either chapter, with the exception of the posting and recordkeeping requirements of Section 1432, in which case the employer shall be subject to civil fines of up to seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) per violation. two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- (c) Any employer that has been previously assessed pursuant to this section shall be subject to an additional penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each calendar day that the employer conducts business in violation of this chapter or of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 1430), however, this amount shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- (e) The determination by the Labor Commissioner as to the amount of the fines shall be reviewable only for abuse of discretion.
- (d) These civil fines may be assessed under a citation issued by the Labor Commissioner and the procedures for issuing, contesting, and enforcing judgments shall be the same as those set forth in Section 1197.1.
- 1442. On and after July 1, 2018, if an employer is conducting any janitorial business without a current and valid registration under this part, the Labor Commissioner may issue and serve on that employer a stop order prohibiting the use of labor by that employer until the employer acquires a current and valid registration, provided that the stop order would not compromise or imperil public safety or the life, health, and care of vulnerable individuals. The stop order shall also prohibit the employer from continuing to provide services by conducting any janitorial business using the labor of another business, contractor, or subcontractor. The stop order shall become effective immediately upon the service of the order. Any worker affected by the work stoppage shall be paid by the employer for such time lost, not exceeding 10 days, pending compliance by the employer. The employer may protest

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the stop order by making and filing with the Labor Commissioner 2 a written request for a hearing within 20 days after service of the 3 stop order. The hearing shall be held within five days from the 4 date of filing the request. The Labor Commissioner shall notify 5 the employer of the time and place of the hearing by mail. At the conclusion of the hearing, the stop order shall be immediately 6 7 affirmed or dismissed, and within 24 hours thereafter, the Labor 8 Commissioner shall issue and serve on all parties to the hearing by registered or certified mail a written notice of findings, accompanied by written findings. A writ of mandate may be taken 10 from the findings to the appropriate superior court. The writ shall 11 12 be taken within 45 days after the mailing of the notice of findings 13 accompanied by written findings. The Labor Commissioner may 14 file an action in superior court for injunctive and other appropriate 15 relief to enforce the stop order and shall be entitled to recovery of costs and attorney's fees if any relief is obtained by the Labor 16 17 Commissioner.

- 1443. (a) In a manner prescribed by the Labor Commissioner, the Labor Commissioner may select registered and unregistered employers as audit subjects for the purpose of determining compliance with this part. Audit subjects may be selected in any order, and routine audits may be scheduled in a manner to best minimize travel expenses and use audit personnel efficiently.
- (b) The Labor Commissioner may select audit subjects using random and nonrandom selection methods. The final selection of audit subjects shall be within the discretion of the Labor Commissioner.
- (c) The Labor Commissioner may investigate information or complaints in addition to conducting an audit.
- 1444. The Labor Commissioner shall conduct a reasonable and timely investigation upon receiving a complaint regarding a potential violation of the requirements of this part from a covered worker, a collective bargaining agent that represents covered workers, or a labor management cooperation committee established pursuant to the federal Labor Management Cooperation Act of 1978 (Section 175a of Title 29 of the United States Code) whose members include a collective bargaining agent that represents covered workers.

1445. (a) Any employer that conducts any janitorial business after its registration has been suspended, revoked, or denied

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reissuance is guilty of an offense punishable by a fine of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or by imprisonment for not less than six months and no more than one year, or both.

<del>(b)</del>

1445. Any employer, owner, director, officer, or managing agent of the employer who fails to observe a stop order issued and served upon him or her pursuant to Section 1438 this part is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in county jail not exceeding 60 days or by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both. For the purposes of this section, the term "managing agent" has the same meaning as in subdivision (b) of Section 3294 of the Civil Code.

### Chapter 5. State Janitorial Contractor Registration Fund

- 1450. (a) The State Janitorial Contractor Registration Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State Treasury to be available upon appropriation of the Legislature for the purposes established in subdivision (b). All registration fees collected pursuant to Section 1431, all civil fines collected pursuant to Section 1437, 1441, and any other moneys as are designated by statute or order shall be deposited in the fund.
- (b) Moneys in the fund shall be used only for the following purposes:
- (1) The reasonable costs of administering the registration of janitorial contractors pursuant to Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 1430) and Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1440) by the Labor Commissioner.
- (2) The costs and obligations associated with the administration and enforcement of this part by the Labor Commissioner.
- (c) The annual employer registration renewal fee specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 1431, and any adjusted application renewal fee, shall be set in amounts that are sufficient to support the annual appropriation approved by the Legislature for the fund and not result in a year-end fund balance greater than 25 percent of the appropriation. Any year-end balance in the fund greater than 25 percent of the appropriation shall be applied as a credit when determining any fee adjustments for the subsequent fiscal year.

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(d) To provide adequate cash flow for the purposes specified in subdivision (b), the Director of Finance, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Labor and Workforce Development Agency, may approve a short-term loan each fiscal year from the Labor and Workforce Development Fund to the State Janitorial Contractor Registration Fund.

- (1) The maximum amount of the annual loan allowable may be up to, but shall not exceed, 50 percent of the appropriation authority of the fund in the same year in which the loan was made.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, a "short-term loan" is a transfer that is made subject to both of the following conditions:
- (A) Any amount loaned is to be repaid in full during the same fiscal year in which the loan was made, except that repayment may be delayed until a date not more than 30 days after the date of enactment of the annual Budget Act for the subsequent fiscal year.
- (B) Loans shall be repaid whenever the funds are needed to meet cash expenditure needs in the loaning fund or account.
- SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.